

National Science Foundation and EPSCoR

John H. Hall, Ph.D. Program Director, EPSCoR

Mississippi State-wide EPSCoR meeting Jackson, MS
April 15, 2010





Today's Topics

- NSF—Past and Present
- Budget Context and Trend
- Program Highlights
- EPSCoR



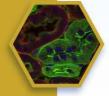












Beginnings

On May 10, 1950, President Harry S. Truman signed a bill establishing the National Science Foundation. The President announced the creation of the new federal agency, dedicated to advancing the scientific enterprise of the United States, from the rear platform of a train in Pocatello, Idaho.

Alan T. Waterman, chief scientist at the Office of Naval Research, was nominated by President Truman as NSF's first director and provided with a budget of \$225,000. From that initial allocation, the National Science Board, established along with NSF and given oversight over its operations, made 97 grants, including one to physical chemist Max Delbruck, who went on to win the 1969 Nobel Prize in Medicine.





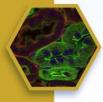














NSF in a Nutshell

- Independent USG Agency established in 1950
- NSF Director and National Science Board
- Funds basic research and education
- Peer-review grant mechanism

- Bottom-up, proposal driven
- Discipline-based structure
- Cross-disciplinary mechanisms
- Use of Rotators/IPAs
- Automated grant management processes







NSF Overview

NSF MISSION

 To promote the progress of science; advance the national health, prosperity, and welfare; to secure the national defense; and for other purposes.

NSF VISION

 Advancing discovery, innovation and education beyond the frontiers of current knowledge, and empowering future generations in science and engineering workforce



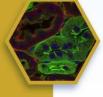






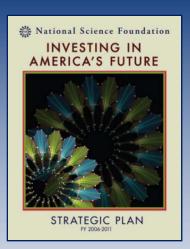








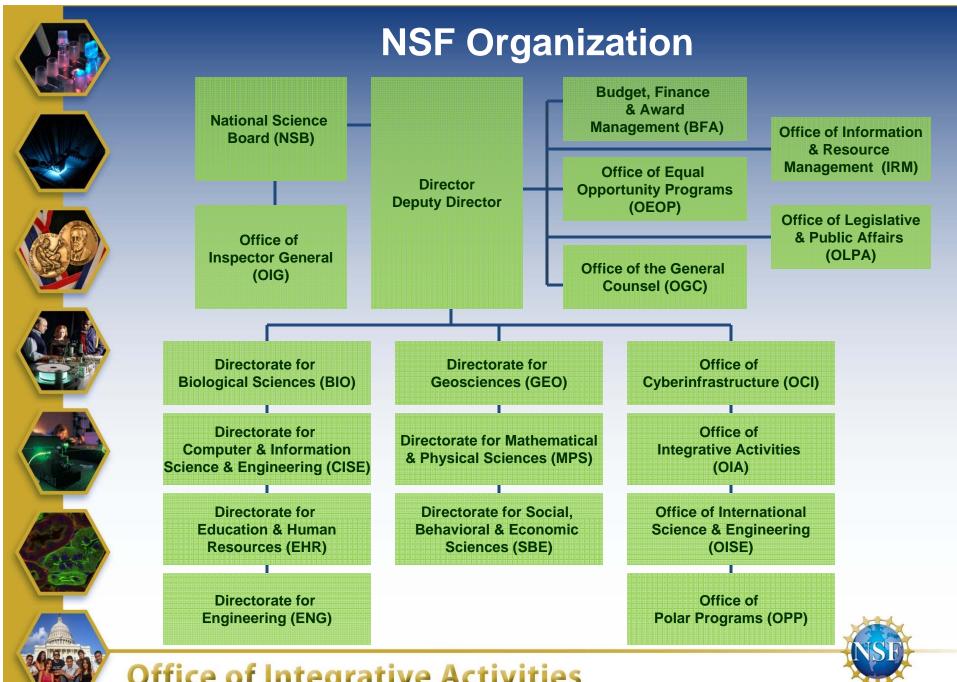




- Discovery Advancing frontiers of knowledge
- Learning S&E workforce and scientific literacy
- Research Infrastructure Advanced instrumentation and facilities
- Stewardship Supporting excellence in S&E research and education







Office of Integrative Activities



OIA Programs and Activities

Committee on Equal Opportunity in Science and Engineering (CEOSE)

Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR)

Science and Technology Centers (STCs)

Major Research Instrumentation (MRI)

Academic Research Infrastructure (ARI)

Cyber-Enabled Discovery and Innovation (CDI)

Medals and Awards

Developing STEM Talent



Office of Integrative Activities



National Science Board + Director = NSF

The NSF Act of 1950 created the National Science Foundation defining the agency jointly as the Board and the NSF Director:

"The Foundation shall consist of a National Science Board...and a director." (Public Law 81-507; May 10, 1950)

NSF has an unusual dual Agency Head structure. The NSF Director was always an ex-officio member of the Board. In 1962, the NSF Director was given full voting rights and made Chairman of the Executive Committee.





NSB: Main Statutory Responsibilities

- 1) Policy making body for the National Science Foundation
 - The Board establishes NSF policies
 - Identifies issues that are critical to NSF's mission
 - The Board may decide to delegate policymaking functions to the Director and no one else. The NSF Director may not re-delegate those policymaking functions to anyone.
- 2) Serves as a body of advisors to both the President and to Congress on broad, national policy issues related to science and engineering research and education (not simply the NSF Board but rather the National Science Board)
- 3) Only the Board has the authority to approve awards authority can be delegated to the Director









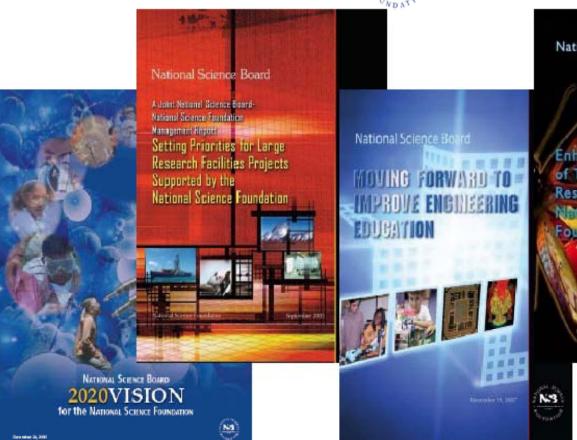


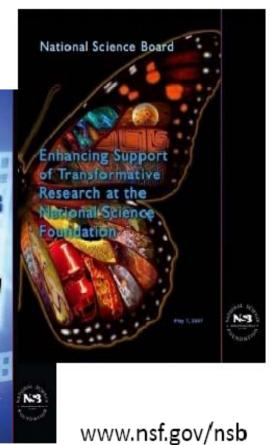






Board Reports Focused on NSF





Office of Integrative Activities





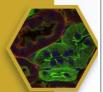
Board Reports of Broad Interest

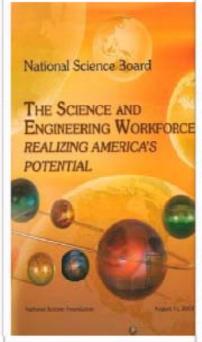


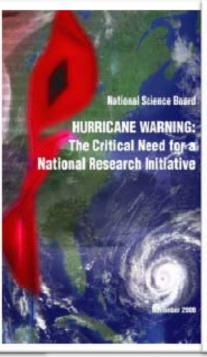




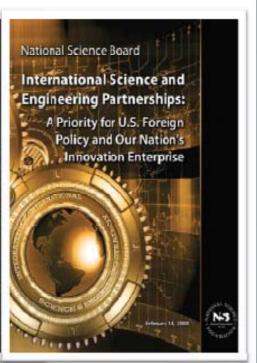












www.nsf.gov/nsb







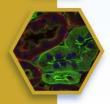














NSF Merit Review Criteria

INTELLECTUAL MERIT:

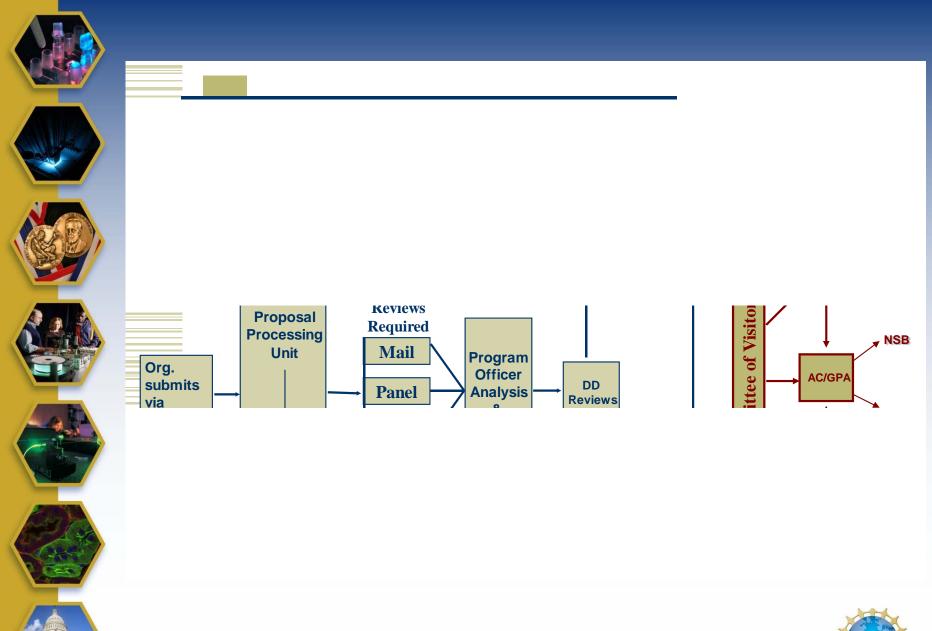
- Potential to advancing knowledge and understanding within and across fields
- Investigators' qualifications
- Creativity, originality, potentially transformative
- Conceptualization and organization
- Access to resources

BROADER IMPACTS:

- Fostering discovery and understanding while promoting teaching, training and learning
- Participation of underrepresented groups
- Enhancement of infrastructure for research and education
- Dissemination of results to enhance S&T understanding
- Benefits to society



Office of Integrative Activities







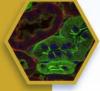














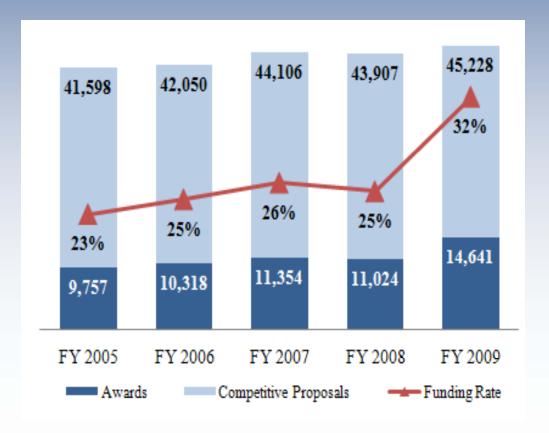
Awards by Institution

Academic Institutions:77%

Non-profits: 13%

• For-profit firms: **6%**

Fed agencies/labs: 4%









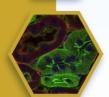
NSF Budget



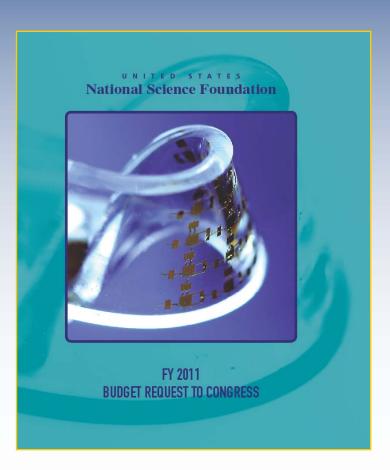












FY 2011 Request

TOTAL: \$7.4 billion

Increase: 8 percent



















(Dollars in Millions)

	2011	2010
	Request	Estimate
Research and Related Activities	\$6,018.83	\$5,563.92
Education and Human Resources	892.00	872.76
MREFC	165.19	117.29
Agency Operations and Award Management	329.19	300.00
National Science Board	4.84	4.54
Office of Inspector General	14.35	14.00
Total NSF	\$7,424.40	\$6,872.51





Office of Integrative Activities



NSF Budget

Total NSF Funding (dollars in billions)





Some thematic and programmatic highlights





Administration Priority Programs Supported in the NSF FY 2011 Budget

- Graduate Research Fellowships: \$158 million
- Faculty Early Career Development: \$209 million
- Climate Change Education Program: \$10 million
- Advanced Technological Education: \$64 million
- Networking and Information Technology R&D Program: \$1.17 billion
- U.S. Global Change Research: \$370 million
- National Nanotechnology Initiative: \$401 million







Cyber-Enabled Discovery and Innovation (CDI)

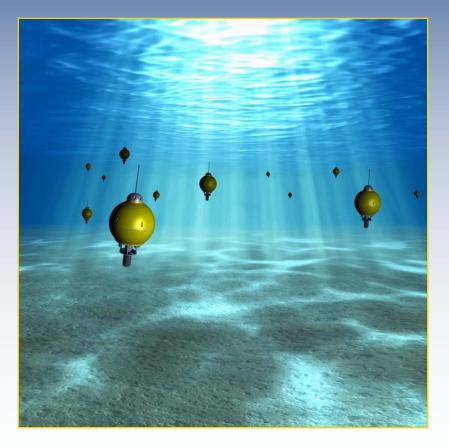












CDI will support a wide variety of research, including the work needed to design and develop control systems for Autonomous Underwater Explorers.

FY 2011 Request: \$105 million



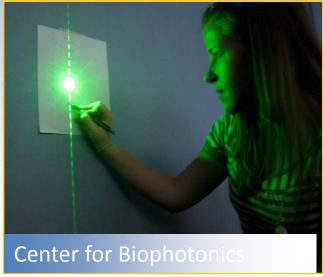




NSF Centers Foster Innovation

NSF supports more than 100 centers in seven interdisciplinary program areas that facilitate innovation





FY 2011 Request: \$314 million



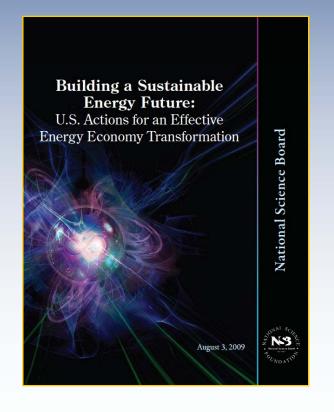






Science, Engineering, and Education for Sustainability (SEES)

SEES is a portfolio of programs that will integrate NSF's existing efforts in climate science and engineering research with new education and cyberbased activities.



FY 2011 Request: \$766 million



Office of Integrative Activities



RE-gaining our ENERGY Science and Engineering Edge (RE-ENERGYSE)

RE-ENERGYSE is a joint program with the Department of Energy to educate young people for careers in clean-energy research.





FY 2011 Request: \$19 million







Broadening Participation













A \$103 million program, **Comprehensive Broadening Participation of Undergraduates in STEM, will** expand effective approaches in Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanicserving institutions, Tribal Colleges and Universities, and **Louis Stokes Alliances for Minority Participation** institutions.









SEARCH NSF Web Site

PUBLICATIONS | STATISTICS

Office of the Director (OD)



NSF Broadening Participation

Broadening Participation Ho

Broadening Participation Portfolio

Broadening Participation Outreach

Broadening Participation **Working Group**

"Framework for Action" Report

Links of Interest

Office of the Director

Broadening Participation

Background

NSF's commitment to broadening participation is embedded in its Strategic Plan through a variety of investment priorities related to the Learning and Stewardship strategic outcome goals, including:

- Preparing a diverse, globally engaged science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce;
- Integrating research with education, and building capacity;
- Expanding efforts to broaden participation from underrepresented groups and diverse institutions across all geographical regions in all NSF activities; and
- Improving processes to recruit and select highly qualified reviewers and panelists.

Guided by the Strategic Plan, NSF established a performance area focused on broadening participation: to expand efforts to increase participation from underrepresented groups and diverse institutions throughout the United States in all NSF activities and programs.

The report "A Framework for Action" outlines this approach.

Inquiries

Fae Korsmo @nsf.gov



Sampling of Broadening Participation Programs Across NSF

- Research Initiation Grants to Broaden Participation in Biology (BIO)
- Broadening Participation in Computing (CISE)
- Research in Disabilities Education (EHR)
- Research on Gender in Science and Engineering (EHR)
- Broadening Participation Research Initiation Grants in Engineering (ENG)
- Opportunities for Enhancing Diversity in the Geosciences (GEO)
- Partnerships for Research and Education in Materials (MPS)
- Partnerships in Astronomy & Astrophysics Research and Education (MPS)
- Minority Postdoctoral Research Fellowships and Follow-up Research Starter Grants (SBE)
- Cyberinfrastructure Training, Education, Advancement, and Mentoring for Our 21st Century Workforce (NSF-wide)
- ADVANCE (NSF-wide)

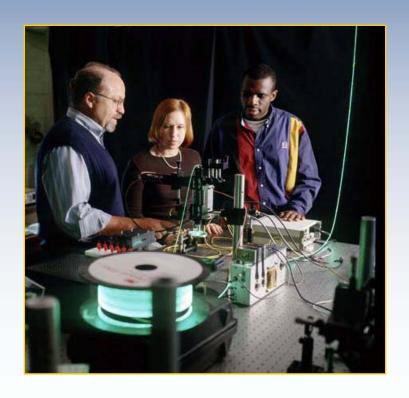






Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR)

EPSCoR is a joint program of NSF and 29 U.S. states and territories that promote the development of science and technology resources.



FY 2011 Request: \$154 million



















EPSCoR

FY 2011 Request: \$154,360,000 % Change from FY 2010: +4.9%

- Purpose/Objectives:
 - Build research capacity and competitiveness
 - Broaden individual and institutional participation in STEM
 - Promote development of a technically engaged workforce
 - Foster collaborative partnerships
- Programmatic Activities:
 - Research Infrastructure Improvement
 - Outreach and Workshops
 - Co-Funding







Arkansas Maine Montana South Carolina West Virginia

1985

North Dakota

Alabama

Kentucky

Oklahoma

Vermont Wyoming

Puerto Rico

Nevada

2001

Hawaii New Mexico



2002

U.S. Virgin Islands

2003

Delaware

2004 New Hampshire Rhode Island Tennessee

Idaho Louisiana Mississippi South Dakota

1987

1992

Kansas Nebraska

2000

Alaska

Iowa Utah





NSF EPSCoR

Jurisdictions









For Further Information

Office of Integrative Activities (OIA)

Phone: (703) 292-8040

Fax: (703) 292-9040

www.nsf.gov/od/oia/

Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR)

Phone: (703) 292-8683

Fax: (703) 292-9047

www.nsf.gov/epscor/

johall@nsf.gov





Thank You!

